



DENISON MINES CORP. CORPORATE DISCLOSURE POLICY

1. Introduction

It is the policy of Denison Mines Corp. (the “Company”) to ensure the informative, timely and accurate disclosure of material information concerning the Company to the public. The Company is committed to providing fair and equal access to such information through broadly disseminated disclosure.

This Corporate Disclosure Policy (the “Policy”) applies to all directors, officers and salaried employees of the Company and its operating subsidiaries and to management services company personnel who provide management or administrative services to the Company and to the Company’s consultants (collectively, the “Employees”). It covers all methods that the Company uses to communicate to the public, such as documents filed with security regulators, written statements made in the Company’s annual and quarterly reports, news releases, letters to shareholders, speeches by management and information contained on the Company’s website and disseminated through social media channels, such as Twitter, Facebook, Youtube, Google+ and LinkedIn (collectively, “Social Media”). It also covers oral statements made in both group and individual meetings or telephone calls with analysts and investors, interviews with the media and press conferences. This Policy does not apply to communications in the ordinary course of business not involving material information.

The Board of Directors of the Company shall be responsible for this Policy, including any changes to the Policy and maintaining compliance therewith.

The Disclosure Committee is a management committee which has been constituted to assist the Company in discharging its disclosure obligations. The Disclosure Committee has responsibility for, among matters, determining on a timely basis the disclosure treatment of material information and reviewing and approving all disclosure documents prepared by or behalf of the Company, all of which is provided for in the *Disclosure Committee Terms of Reference/Mandate*. The Disclosure Committee reports to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

In this Policy, “CEO” means the Company’s Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and “Disclosure Controls and Procedures” means the controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-14 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and National Instrument 52-109. Those Disclosure Controls and Procedures are a component of this Policy.

2. Authorized Spokespeople

The CEO is designated as the main contact for analysts, investors, the media and others seeking information about the Company’s financial and business affairs. The back-up contact for financial matters is the Chief Financial Officer.

Certain personnel of the Company (who may be employees of a management services company that provides those services to the Company) that have been designated by the CEO to assist with investor relations may respond to questions from analysts, investors, the

media and others seeking information about the Company's financial and business affairs. However, information provided shall be limited to excerpting from previously disseminated publicly available information or as otherwise expressly authorized by the CEO. If any questions cannot be answered in this manner by such personnel, the enquiry shall be referred to the CEO.

The CEO has the authority to authorize certain other officers and management personnel and their delegates to conduct interviews and communicate information to the media on limited matters, or to make presentations relating to their specific operating divisions or areas of responsibility. These persons are not authorized to communicate with analysts and the investment community or to discuss the Company's financial results or other material non-disclosed information, unless specifically authorized by the CEO.

Any Employee who is approached by the media, an analyst, investor or any other member of the public to comment on the affairs of the Company, must refer all inquiries to the CEO and must immediately notify the CEO that the approach was made.

3. Disclosure Committee Review and Approval

The Company's Disclosure Committee shall consider the materiality of information and determine disclosure obligations on a timely basis and perform other functions specified in this Policy, in accordance with the *Disclosure Committee Terms of Reference/Mandate*.

a) Core Documents

All Core Documents shall be approved by the Disclosure Committee to ensure that they are accurate with respect to all material information, have been prepared in accordance with the Company's Disclosure Controls and Procedures and contain appropriate cautionary language in relation to any forward-looking information in accordance with Section 9 of this Policy. With the exception of material change reports, all Core Documents must also be approved prior to filing by the Board of Directors or a committee thereof to which the Board has delegated such authority.

In this Policy, a "Core Document" means a prospectus, a takeover bid circular, an information or proxy circular, a directors' or rights offering circular, management discussion and analysis, an annual information form, a Form 40F, annual financial statements or interim financial statements.

b) Non-Core Documents

All Non-Core Documents shall be approved by the Disclosure Committee. In reviewing all such documents, the Disclosure Committee shall ensure that they do not contain any selective disclosure in violation of Section 5, any forward-looking information unless the requirements of Section 9 are satisfied, or any information that is inconsistent with other publicly disclosed information. A "Non-Core Document" means any document, excluding a Core Document, the content of which would reasonably be expected to affect the market price or value of the Company's securities.

All Core Documents and Non-Core Documents that refer to a "Qualified Person" under National Instrument 43-101 or to another expert must be reviewed by such Qualified Person or expert, and the Company must obtain the written consent of the Qualified Person or expert

to the reference to such Qualified Person or expert and to the applicable disclosure prior to its release.

4. Material Information

The materiality of information shall be determined by the Disclosure Committee, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations. Information is generally considered to be material if it would reasonably be expected to have a significant effect on the market price or value of the Company's securities. Consideration should be given to the nature of the information itself, the volatility of the Company's securities and prevailing market conditions. In general, if there is any doubt about whether particular information is material, the Company should err on the side of materiality and release the information publicly.

Employees must notify their managers or a member of the Disclosure Committee as soon as they become aware of a material development.

5. Restriction on Selective Disclosure of Material Information

To avoid selective disclosure of undisclosed material information, no Employee shall disclose material information regarding the Company to any person or group of persons (including, without limitation, disclosure on Social Media or to members of the investment community, the media and analysts) until it has been Generally Disclosed. "Generally Disclosed" shall mean the disclosure has been disseminated to the public by way of a news release together with the passage of a reasonable amount of time (24 hours, unless otherwise advised that the period is longer or shorter, depending on the circumstances) for the public to analyze the information. Disclosure in individual or group meetings, on the Company's website or through Social Media is not Generally Disclosed, and does not constitute adequate disclosure of information that is considered material non-public information.

If there is any doubt about the materiality of information to be disclosed, Employees should contact a member of the Disclosure Committee before disclosing the information, whether by way of press release, general employee communication, or otherwise.

If it is determined that previously undisclosed material information has been disclosed, the Company shall immediately disclose the information in a press release in order to achieve broad public dissemination of the information. If practicable, pending the material information being disclosed, the Company should contact the parties to whom the material information was disclosed and inform them that the information is undisclosed material information and of their legal obligations with respect to such material information. If considered necessary by the Disclosure Committee in the circumstances, the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX"), the NYSE American and any other exchange where the Company's securities are traded should be contacted, with trading halted if necessary or if deemed appropriate by such exchanges.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the CEO and/or the Disclosure Committee may approve limited exceptions to this prohibition where disclosure is made to the Company's auditors, legal counsel, underwriters or other professional advisors in the necessary course of the Company's business.

6. Public Disclosure

The Company shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the timely disclosure of material information and changes. Once a decision is made that information is material, applicable securities laws and stock exchange rules require prompt disclosure, and broad dissemination to the public in a manner that is both accurate and complete. Unfavourable news must be disclosed as promptly and completely as favourable news.

The principal method of publicly disclosing material information will be by news release, using a news wire service that provides simultaneous distribution to widespread news services, financial media, and relevant stock exchanges and regulatory bodies. Disclosure by means other than press release (such as through Social Media) is generally not considered broad dissemination, and will not comply with securities laws and stock exchange rules applicable to the Company.

The Company will comply with the rules of the TSX and NYSE American regarding the timing of release of news releases, and any requirement to complete prior notifications to stock exchanges and/or obtain Market Surveillance pre-clearance of news releases. Financial reports, news releases, material change reports and other documents are filed under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com in Canada and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml in the United States, when required in accordance with applicable securities laws and regulations.

In certain circumstances, material information may be withheld from the public for legitimate business purposes (for example, if release of the information would prejudice negotiations in a corporate transaction) in which case the information will be kept confidential until the Company determines it is appropriate to publicly disclose that information. If such information relates to a "material change" within the meaning of the applicable securities legislation, the Company will file a confidential material change report with the securities regulators, and the Disclosure Committee will review (at least every 10 days) the decision to keep the information confidential.

All news releases should be accurate and complete and should contain enough detail to enable the media and investors to understand the substance and importance of the change being disclosed.

7. Market Rumours

It is the Company's general policy not to respond to market rumours or speculation (including rumours and speculation on the Internet or Social Media) unless required by applicable regulatory authorities. The standard Company response to questions concerning rumours shall be "We do not comment on rumours". Should the TSX, NYSE American or a securities regulatory authority request that the Company make a statement in response to a market rumour, the Disclosure Committee will consider the matter and decide whether to make a policy exception.

8. Confidentiality of Undisclosed Material Information

- a) "Undisclosed Material Information" of the Company is Material Information about the Company that has not been Generally Disclosed (as discussed above);

- b) Any Employee who has knowledge of Undisclosed Material Information must treat the Material Information as confidential until the Material Information has been Generally Disclosed.
- c) Undisclosed Material Information shall not be disclosed to anyone except in the necessary course of business. If Undisclosed Material Information has been disclosed in the necessary course of business, anyone so informed must clearly understand that it is to be kept confidential, and, in appropriate circumstances, execute a confidentiality agreement. When in doubt, Employees must consult with a member of the Disclosure Committee to determine whether disclosure in a particular circumstance is in the necessary course of business. For greater certainty, disclosure to analysts, institutional investors, other market professionals and members of the press and other media will not be considered to be in the necessary course of business. "Tipping", which refers to the disclosure of Undisclosed Material Information to third parties outside the necessary course of business, is an offence under securities laws and is also hereby prohibited.
- d) In order to prevent the misuse of or inadvertent disclosure of Undisclosed Material Information, the procedures set forth below should be observed at all times:
 - (1) Documents and files containing confidential information should be kept in a safe place to which access is restricted to individuals who "need to know" that information in the necessary course of business and code names should be used if necessary;
 - (2) Confidential matters should not be discussed in places where the discussion may be overheard;
 - (3) Transmission of documents containing Undisclosed Material Information by electronic means will be done only where it is reasonable to believe that the transmission can be made and received under secure conditions such as a dedicated server;
 - (4) Unnecessary copying of documents containing Undisclosed Material Information must be avoided and extra copies of documents must be promptly removed from meeting rooms and work areas at the conclusion of the meeting and must be destroyed if no longer required; and
 - (5) All computers, smart phones and electronic devices that access Company information must be password protected to prevent access to Company confidential information in the case of loss or theft of such devices.

9. Forward-Looking Information

The Company may provide forward-looking information, in accordance with applicable securities law requirements. Forward-looking information means disclosure regarding possible events, conditions or results of operations that is based on assumptions about future economic conditions and courses of action and includes future oriented financial information with respect to prospective results of operations, financial position or cash flows that is presented either as a forecast or a projection.

Forward-looking information contained in the Company's written documents will be clearly identified as such and must be in close proximity to meaningful cautionary language which:

- Identifies material factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from a conclusion, forecast or projection in the forward-looking information; and
- Contains a statement of the material factors or assumptions that were applied in drawing a conclusion or making a forecast or projection set out in the forward looking information.

Where forward-looking information will be provided in a public oral statement, this must be limited to forecasts supported by the Company's written disclosure. The Employee speaking on behalf of the Company must disclose at the beginning of the statement that: forward-looking information will be provided; the actual results could differ materially from conclusions, projections or forecasts contained in the forward looking information; and that certain material factors or assumptions were applied in making the forecasts, conclusions or projections in the forward-looking information. In addition, the Employee must state that additional information about the material factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forecasts, conclusions or projections and other relevant factors are contained in a readily available document. The Employee should identify the document or portion of the document where the assumptions and risk factors are discussed.

The Company will not update publicly or revise any forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or other such factors which affect forward looking information, except as required by applicable law.

10. Analyst Meetings

Authorized spokespeople may meet with analysts, investors and other similar persons on an individual or small group basis from time to time.

Such meetings should focus on non-material information and on generally disclosed information and items described in publicly filed documents. These meetings will not include discussion of material information that has not been generally disclosed to the public. If any such material information is disclosed, then such information will be immediately disseminated to the public as contemplated in Section 6.

If forward-looking information is provided in such meetings then the spokesperson must provide the appropriate disclosure detailed in Section 9 above.

The Company will, upon request, provide the same sort of detailed, non-material information to individual investors or reporters that it has provided to analysts and institutional investors.

11. Conference Calls

Conference calls will be held for quarterly earnings and major corporate developments, whereby discussion of key aspects is accessible simultaneously to all interested parties, some as participants by telephone and others in a listen-only mode by telephone or via a webcast over the Internet. The call will be preceded by a news release containing all relevant material information. At the beginning of the call, a Company spokesperson will provide appropriate cautionary language with respect to any forward-looking information and direct

participants to publicly available documents containing the assumptions, sensitivities and a full discussion of the risks and uncertainties.

The Company will provide advance notice of the conference call and webcast by issuing a news release announcing the date and time and providing information on how interested parties may access the call and webcast. In addition, the Company may send invitations to analysts, institutional investors, the media and others invited to participate. Any non-material supplemental information provided to participants will also be posted to the Web site for others to view. A tape recording of the conference call and/or an archived audio webcast on the Internet will be made available following the call for a minimum of 30 days, for anyone interested in listening to a replay.

12. Quiet Periods

To avoid the potential for selective disclosure, or the even the appearance of selective disclosure, the Company will observe a quiet period coincident with any trading restriction as defined in Section 18 below and will not initiate or participate in any meetings or telephone conferences with analysts or investors, save and except where the CEO has determined that, notwithstanding the quiet period, it is in the best interests of the Company to do so. This is not intended to preclude Company spokespersons from responding to unsolicited inquiries concerning factual matters.

13. Analyst Reports

The Company may be requested to review draft analysts' reports or models from time to time. Only authorized spokespeople will comment on analysts' reports, and such comments will be limited to identifying publicly disclosed factual information that could affect the analyst's model and to pointing out inaccuracies or omissions with reference to publicly available information.

The Company will not confirm, or attempt to influence, an analyst's opinions or conclusions and will not express comfort with the analyst's model and earnings estimates.

In order to avoid appearing to "endorse" an analyst's report or model, the Company will provide its comments orally or will attach a disclaimer to written comments to indicate the report was reviewed only for factual accuracy.

The Company will not directly distribute analyst's research reports but, if requested, will advise which analysts follow the Company, accompanied by an appropriate disclaimer that the view expressed in any reports, including all forward-looking information, are the views of the analysts and not of the Company.

14. Other Public Oral Statements

Where practicable, any other public oral statements by any Employees where they are speaking about the Company's financial or operating results or prospects should be scripted and scripts or speaking notes should be reviewed and pre-approved by the Disclosure Committee. Where this is not practicable, Employees should discuss the nature of the public oral statement in advance with at least one member of the Disclosure Committee. Although only designated members of senior management are permitted to make any oral statements containing forward-looking information, where forward-looking information will be provided in

a public oral statement, the Employee will comply with Section 9 above. All Employees should keep the CEO apprised of all communications with respect to material issues by informing the CEO of all public oral statements made, beyond originally approved public oral statements.

15. Corporate Website

As noted above, disclosure of information on the Company's website does not in and of itself constitute adequate public disclosure of such information. Accordingly, material information which has not otherwise been disclosed in accordance with this Policy will not be posted on the Company's website.

All the Company's publicly disclosed material information, and presentations to analysts and conferences, will be made available through the website for a reasonable period of time. All documents filed by the Company on SEDAR and EDGAR will be concurrently posted to the website. The Company's website will be kept up-to-date with the Company's latest disclosures. The Company's website will not reproduce or link to analysts' reports.

The Disclosure Committee will review, or designate appropriate management personnel to review, the disclosure on the Company's website periodically and at least annually following the filing of the Company's annual information form to ensure that it remains accurate.

16. Social Media

To prevent inadvertent disclosure of Undisclosed Material Information, employees are prohibited from posting information to, or otherwise participating in blogs, chat rooms, similar discussion forums or other forms of Social Media on matters pertaining to the Company's financial and business affairs, except in accordance with the following guidelines.

Employees are invited to participate, and be one of the Company's followers, on its Social Media platforms. If Employees like the Company's content, they are encouraged to share it. However, when using Social Media, Employees are required to understand the following:

1. Employees are not authorized to act as a spokesperson on behalf of the Company (see Section 2 above). Any and all comments should be made in the first person, and be clearly made on behalf of the Employee, and not on behalf of the Company.
2. Employees shall use appropriate and correct language, treating other users with respect.
3. Employees are not authorized to create Social Media profiles with Denison in the name, or use the Denison logos within their Social Media profile, as that could cause confusion for users with the Company's official profiles (not including job title and place of employment disclosure in networks such as LinkedIn).
4. If an Employee observes negative comments about Denison or its projects, they (or their supervisor) shall inform [the CEO] immediately.
5. While the Company respects the freedom of speech of all Employees, people such as investors, customers, suppliers, government officials and other business partners may have access to on line content that you post. Keep this in mind when you are posting personal content.

6. Employees must never disclose Undisclosed Material Information, and must otherwise comply with the wording and intent of this Policy.

Employees shall immediately report to the CEO any unusual discussions pertaining to the Company which they find on the Internet.

17. Compliance with Anti-Spam Legislation

The Company will comply with Canada's Anti-Spam Legislation and other domestic and international laws applicable to the Company, such as the EU's General Data Protection Regulation. To ensure compliance, distribution of information that can be considered a commercial electronic message (i.e. an electronic message that encourages participation in a commercial activity, regardless of whether there is an expectation of profit) will not be distributed unless: (i) the Company obtains prior consent from the intended recipients; or (ii) the Company is permitted by the applicable legislation to distribute such messages without express consent. Investor relations personnel are responsible to ensure that the recipient's prior consent is obtained when distributing Company press releases and/or Company promotional material.

18. Trading Restrictions and Blackout Periods

It is illegal for anyone to purchase or sell securities of any public company with knowledge of material information affecting that company that has not been publicly disclosed. Except in the necessary course of business, it is also illegal for anyone to inform any other person of material non-public information.

Employees with knowledge of confidential or material information about the Company or counter-parties in negotiations of material potential transactions are prohibited from trading securities in the Company or any counter-party until the information has been fully disclosed and a reasonable period of time has passed for the information to be widely disseminated.

A restriction on trading in the Company's securities will apply to all Employees during the period of time when financial statements are being prepared but results have not yet been publicly disclosed (the "Quarterly Trading Blackout"). The Quarterly Trading Blackout will commence at 8:00 a.m. (Toronto) on the day that is 30 days prior to the date scheduled for the meeting of the Board of Directors to review the quarterly results and ending at 8 a.m. (Toronto) on the second Trading Day following the first Trading Day on which a news release disclosing quarterly results is issued. In this Policy, a "Trading Day" shall mean any full day on which any of the Company's securities trade on the TSX.

Additional restrictions on trading may be prescribed from time to time by the CEO as a result of special circumstances. All parties with knowledge of such special circumstances shall be covered by such blackout. Affected parties may include external advisors, such as legal counsel, investment bankers and counter-parties in negotiations of material potential transactions.

Every employee who intends to purchase or sell securities of the Company, directly or indirectly, (or who stands to benefit from a purchase or sale of securities of the Company by a family member) during a trading restriction is required to obtain the prior approval of the CEO or his designate. The CEO may waive the application of any particular Quarterly Trading Blackout in respect of one or more employee(s) where the CEO

has determined that it is appropriate and the employee(s) is/are not privy to undisclosed material information. Such waiver shall be reported to the Disclosure Committee.

The Quarterly Trading Blackout does not apply to the acquisition of common shares through the exercise of the Company's stock options or shares issued under similar incentive plans, but will apply to the sale of the common shares acquired through the exercise of the option or similar securities issued under an incentive plan. Applicable laws will be complied with in determining and implementing blackout periods associated with any other benefit plans the Company may have.

Immediately after becoming an insider (generally, a director, senior officer or 10% shareholder of the Company, or a director or senior officer of a subsidiary of the Company or of another insider of the Company) and immediately following the purchase or sale of securities of the Company, an insider must complete all insider reports required by the securities regulators within the prescribed time period. The Company is not responsible for alerting insiders of this obligation or for filing insider trading reports.

18. Influential Persons

It is the Company's intention that this Policy also apply to influential persons (as defined in applicable securities law) in respect of the Company, and the Company encourages such influential persons to comply.

The Company is also an influential person in respect of any public company (a "Public Related Company") where the Company owns 10% or more of the Public Related Company's voting securities. As an influential person of a Public Related Company, the Company and its directors and officers can be liable in certain circumstances for misrepresentations made by such Public Related Company and for misrepresentations in statements made by the Company or its directors and officers about such Public Related Company. In order to protect the Company and its directors and officers from such liability, the Company requires that the following procedures be followed:

- a) The Public Related Company will be requested to adopt its own corporate disclosure policy, which will be reviewed and approved by the Company's Disclosure Committee;
- b) The Company will not knowingly influence the Public Related Company or any director or officer of the Public Related Company or any other person in releasing or in authorizing, permitting or acquiescing in the release of any disclosure documents, or in the making of any public oral statements, relating to the business or affairs of the Public Related Company or in a decision by the Public Related Company as to whether or not to make timely disclosure;
- c) No director or officer of the Company will knowingly influence the Public Related Company or any director or officer of the Public Related Company or any other person in releasing or in authorizing, permitting or acquiescing in the release of any disclosure documents, or in the making of any public oral statements, relating to the business or affairs of the Public Related Company or in a decision by the Public Related Company as to whether or not to make timely disclosure, unless such officer or director of the Company is also an officer or director of the Public Related Company and is acting in such capacity and in accordance with a corporate

disclosure policy of the Public Related Company that has been reviewed and approved by the Company's Disclosure Committee; and

- d) No Employee shall release a document or cause the Company to release a document, or make a public oral statement, that relates in whole or in part to a Public Related Company, unless:
 - (i) With respect to any public oral statement that relates to the Public Related Company, the Employee is also a director or officer of the Public Related Company and is acting in such capacity and in accordance with a corporate disclosure policy of the Public Related Company that has been reviewed and approved by the Company's Disclosure Committee; and
 - (ii) With respect to any written document that relates in whole or in part to the Public Related Company, such written document is reviewed in accordance with the provisions of this Policy, and where the document is a Core Document of the Company, is reviewed in accordance with the Company's Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

19. Disclosure File

The Disclosure Committee shall designate one or more employees who will be responsible for maintaining a file containing all public information about the Company (other than information that is already filed on SEDAR), including continuous disclosure documents, news releases, analysts' reports commented upon, transcripts or tape recordings of conference calls, debriefing notes, notes from meetings and telephone conversations of spokespersons, and as much as practicable, media articles on the Company.

20. Annual Review

This Policy has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Disclosure Committee will review this Policy at least annually and any material changes proposed will be subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. The Disclosure Committee will also review the Disclosure Controls and Procedures at least annually and make any required changes thereto.

21. Distribution of Policy

This Policy will be circulated to all Employees on an annual basis and whenever changes are made. New Employees will be provided with a copy of this Policy and will be advised of its importance.

22. Other Relevant Policies

This Policy should be read in conjunction with the rules regarding insider trading and confidentiality of corporate information contained in the Company's Code of Ethics for Directors, Officers and Employees.

23. Violation of Policy

Any Employee who violates this Policy may face disciplinary action up to and including termination of his or her employment with the Company without notice. The violation of this

Policy may also violate certain securities laws. If it appears that an Employee may have violated such securities laws, the Company may refer the matter to the appropriate regulatory authorities, which could lead to penalties, fines or imprisonment.

24. Questions

Questions concerning this Policy should be addressed to any member of the Disclosure Committee or the CEO of the Company.

Reviewed annually by the Disclosure Committee.
Last amended by approval of the Board of Directors on March 7, 2019.